



PhytoCellTec™

# PhytoCellTec™ Malus Domestica

## Plant stem cells for skin stem cell protection (patent pending)



# Uttwiler Spätlauber - an Apple with an Excellent Storage Ability



- Storage ability of apples was an important factor to guarantee fresh fruits over winter in the 18th century
- Modern apple cultivars are selected for a sweet flavour and therefore the Uttwiler Spätlauber disappeared
- Today the Uttwiler Spätlauber apple is an endangered apple variety with only a few trees left in the world

# The Secret of Storage Ability

- Longevity of cells
- High acid and tannin concentrations
- Undiscovered metabolites?

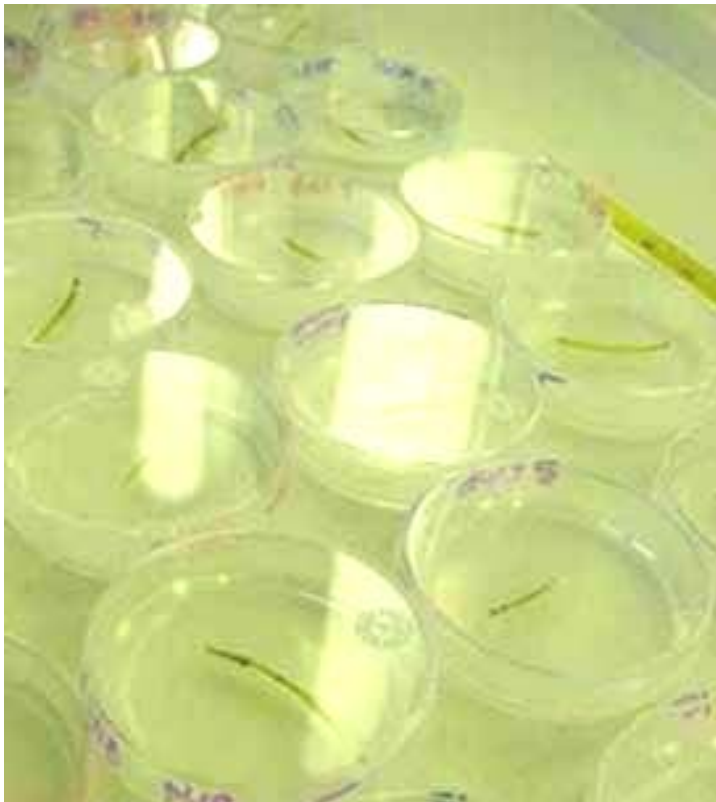


➔ Can we use this apple for skin care?

# Young and Old



# Plant Cell Culture Technology (PCT)



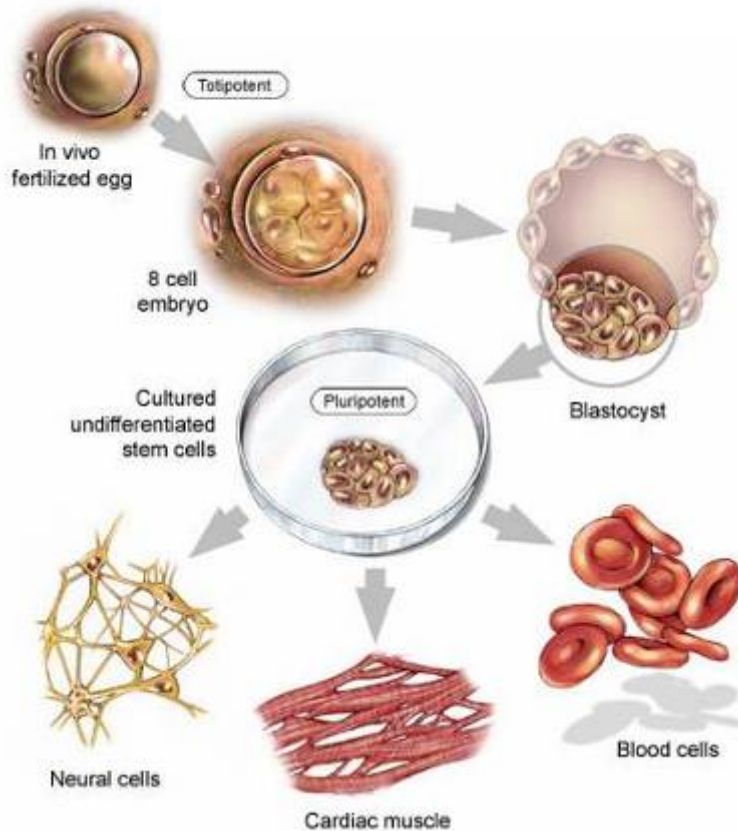
- PCT makes it possible to cultivate cells of endangered and rare species
- The technology is based on dedifferentiated plant cells
- These cells are plant stem cells and can be cultivated in liquid systems

# What are Stem Cells?



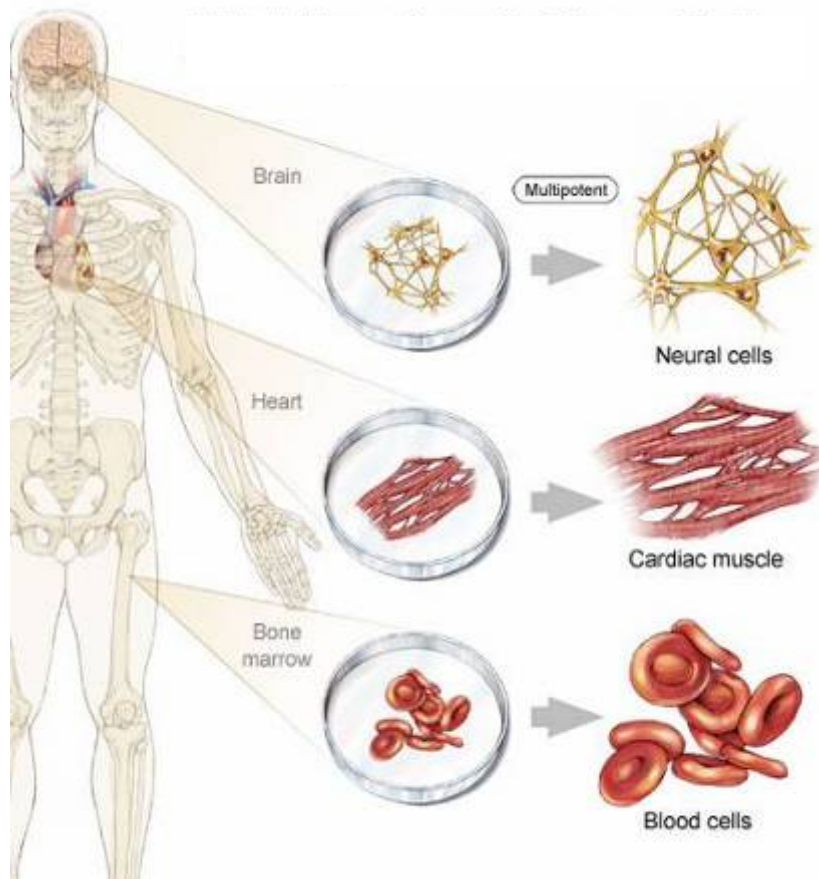
- Stem cells have two properties:  
**Self-renewal** - the ability to go through numerous cycles of cell division in an undifferentiated state  
**Differentiation** - the capacity to differentiate into other cell types
- Toti-, pluri-, multi-, unipotent stem cells

# Human: Embryonic Stem Cells (Pluripotent)



- Cells derived from the inner cell mass of an early stage embryo
- Blastocyst, 4-5 days post fertilization, 50-150 cells
- Pluripotent: Differentiate into one of the more than 220 different cell types of an adult body
- The use of embryonic stem cells in medicine is discussed controversially

# Human: Adult Stem Cells (Multipotent)



- Undifferentiated cells among differentiated cells in a tissue or organ
- Generate all the cell types of the organ from which they originate — potentially regenerating the entire organ from a few cells
- Primary roles: Replenish dying cells and regenerate damaged tissues



# Plant Stem Cells

## Formation of Callus Tissue



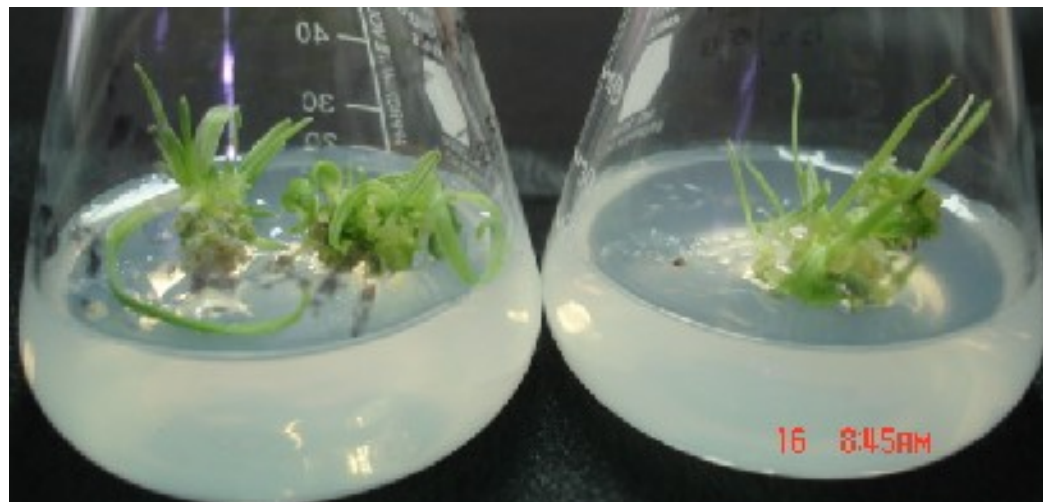
- If a plant is wounded, a callus tissue is formed (wound healing tissue)
- In the callus tissue the normal differentiated cells go back into a dedifferentiated form and become stem cells (not possible in humans)
- Mechanism is controlled by different plant hormones (auxins)

# PhytoCellTec™ by Mibelle Biochemistry

- PhytoCellTec™ utilizes this unique totipotency of plant cells
- Only a small quantity of plant material of endangered species is needed
- Induction of callus tissue by cutting plant parts
- Isolation of stem cells and cultivation on agar plates

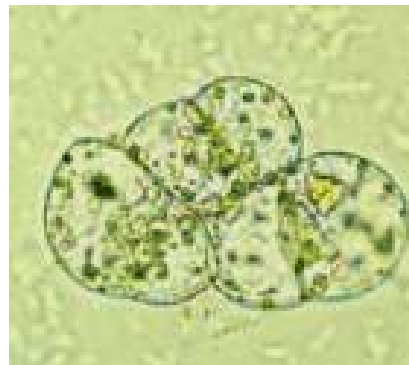
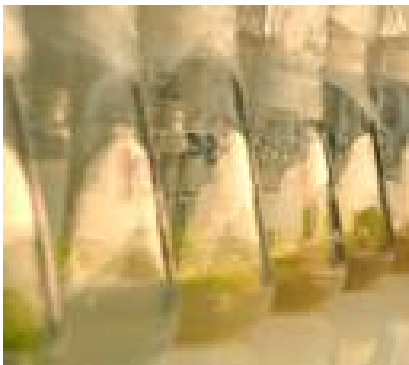


# From Callus to Plants

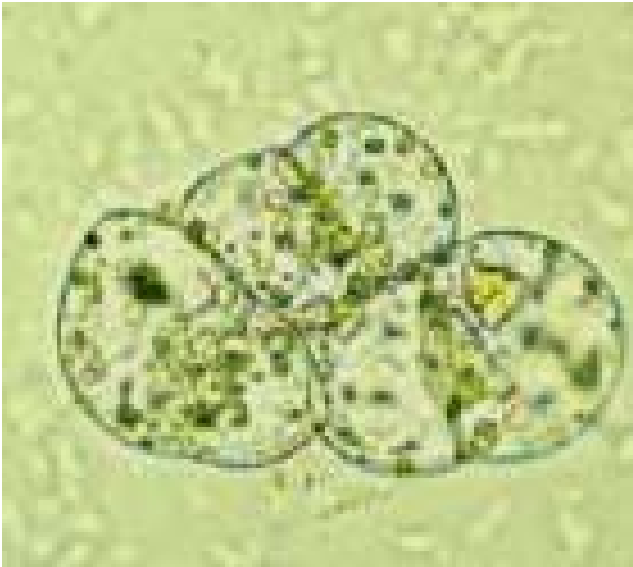


# PhytoCellTec™

- Complete dedifferentiation of the cells into a homogenous culture (4 -12 months)
- Transformation of the cells into liquid suspension (1 - 6 months)
- Find optimal conditions for cell cultivation (1 - 6 months)



# Advantages of PhytoCellTec™



- Preservation of endangered plants
- Use of rare plants for cosmetic applications
- Growth of plant cells in-vitro
- Controllable and reproducible production of metabolites
- No limitation of plant sources due to seasonal restrictions

# Production of the Cosmetic Active: PhytoCellTec™ Malus Domestica



- Suspension cultures from apple stem cells (Uttwiler Spätlauber) are grown in bioreactors
- Stem cells grow with oxygen and without light (chlorophyll free)
- Batch is harvested after all sugar is used
- The cells are homogenized to release the secondary metabolites
- Oil- and water-soluble ingredients are stabilized by liposomal structures
- Suspension is fixed in a Xanthan Gum gel

# PhytoCellTec™ Malus Domestica



## Composition

Malus Domestica Stem Cells	9.0 %
Phospholipids	0.14%
Glycerin	0.4 %
Phenoxyethanol	0.8 %
Keltrol T	1.0 %
Deionized water	ad.100 %

## CTFA/INCI

Malus Domestica Fruit Cell Culture (and)  
 Xanthan Gum (and) Glycerin (and)  
 Lecithin (and) Phenoxyethanol (and) Aqua/  
 Water

# Stem Cells in Skin

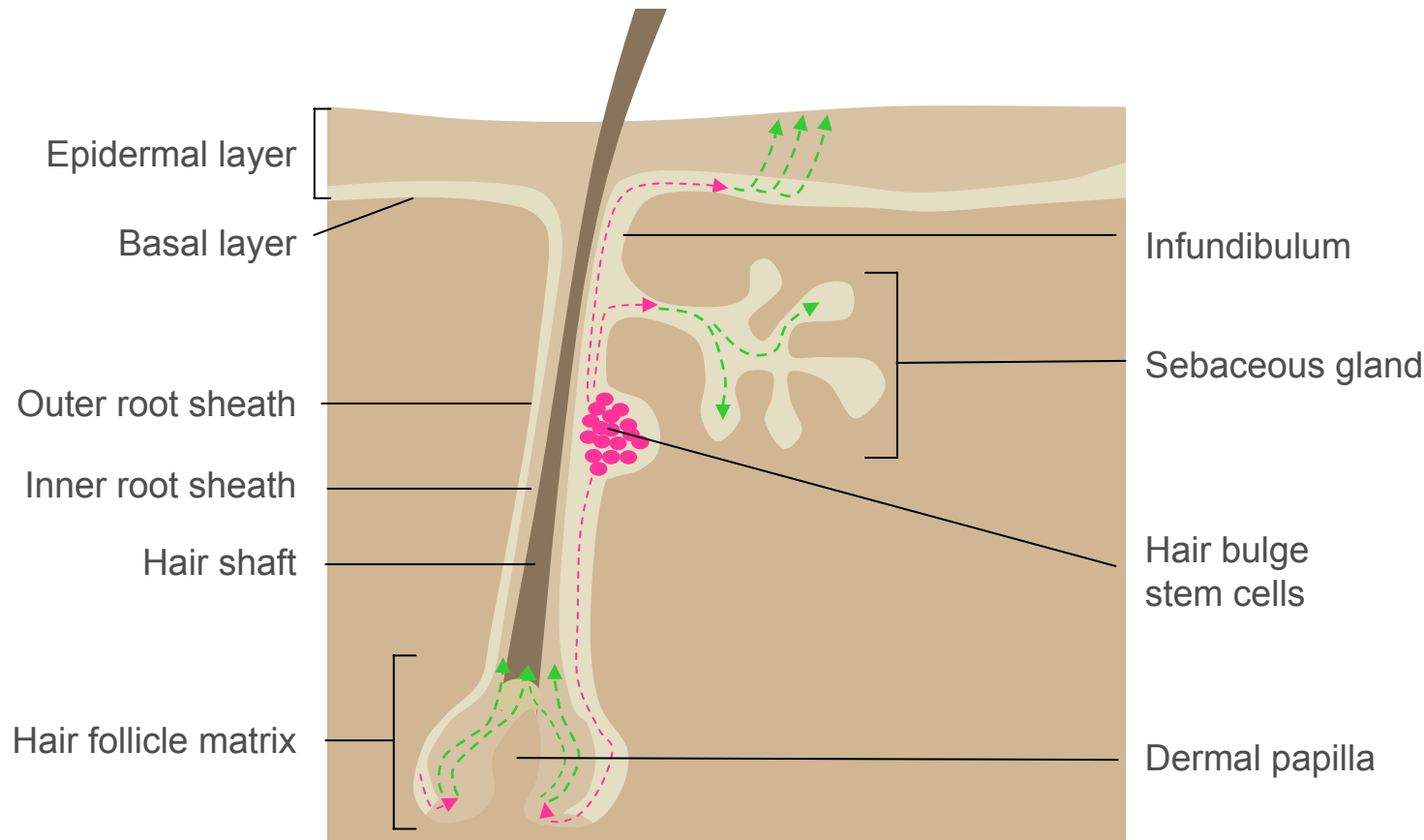
In skin, different types of stem cells have been found:

Type	Place
Epithelial skin stem cells	Basal layer of the epidermis
Hair bulge stem cells	Hair follicle





# Hair Bulge Stem Cells



- - - - - ▶ Lineages derived from bulge stem cells
- - - - - ▶ Differentiation pathways supplied by bulge stem cells

# Stem Cells and Aging

- Stem cells are responsible for the rejuvenation of skin
  - Stem cells are sensitive to environmental threats
  - Chronological aging leads to the depletion of the number and activity of skin stem cells
- Protection of stem cells and activation of stem cell function is of great importance in cosmetics

# Epigenetic Factors in Stem Cells

- Normal differentiated cells express only a limited amount of genes (fibroblast: collagen; blood cells: hemoglobin)
- Stem cells have the possibility to express the whole DNA
- The epigenetic profile regulates the gene expression in stem cells

# Activity of PCT *Malus Domestica*

## 1. Use of plant stem cells to protect skin stem cells

The components of *Malus domestica* stem cells are rich in epigenetic factors relevant to protect and maintain the function of skin stem cells.

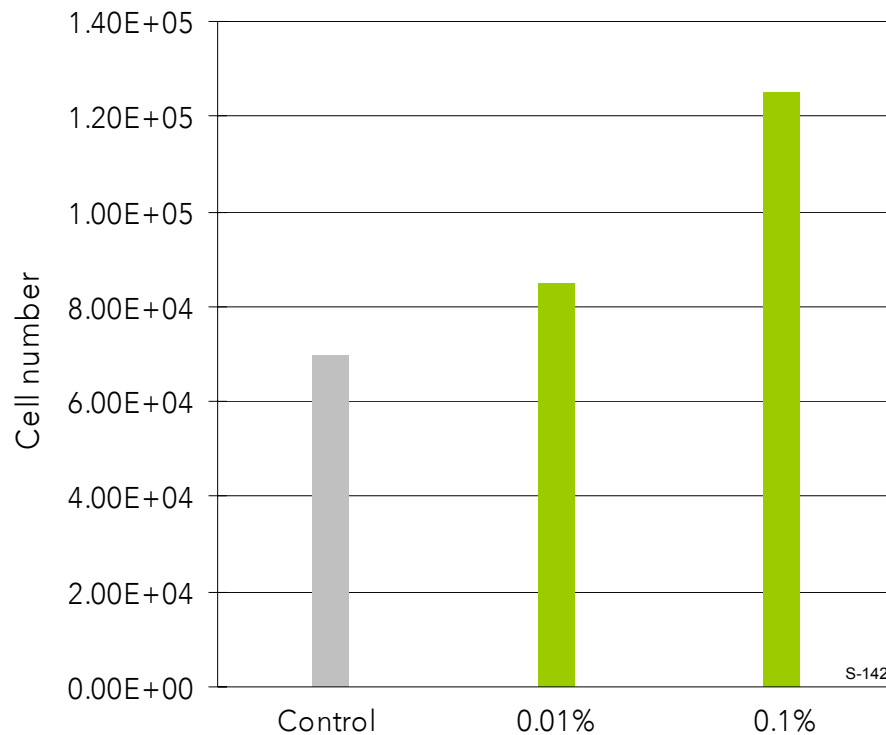
## 2. Use of plant metabolites to delay senescence

The active ingredients of *Malus domestica* var. Uttwiler Spätlauber cells contain metabolites which insure longevity of skin cells.

# Study Results

## Increase in Cell Number (Human Umbilical Cord Stem Cells)

■ Malus Domestica stem cell extract



# Umbilical Cord Derived MSC



10% FBS

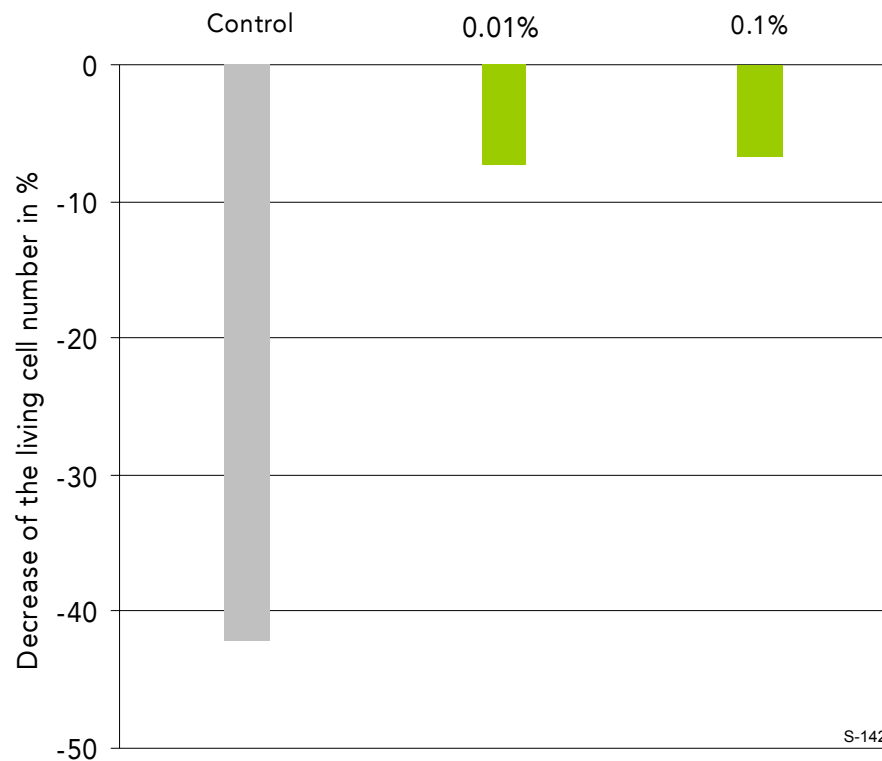


10% FBS

+ 0.1% PhytoCellTec™ Malus Domestica

# Protection Against UV (Umbilical Cord Stem Cells)

■ Malus Domestica stem cell extract



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# Growth of Hair Follicle

Hair follicles

From human skin fragments  
(from micro dissection)

Test substance

PhytoCellTec™ Malus Domestica 0.2%

Design

Length of hair follicle increases until day 14  
→ after day 14 induction of senescence  
→ length of hair follicle decreases



Day 0



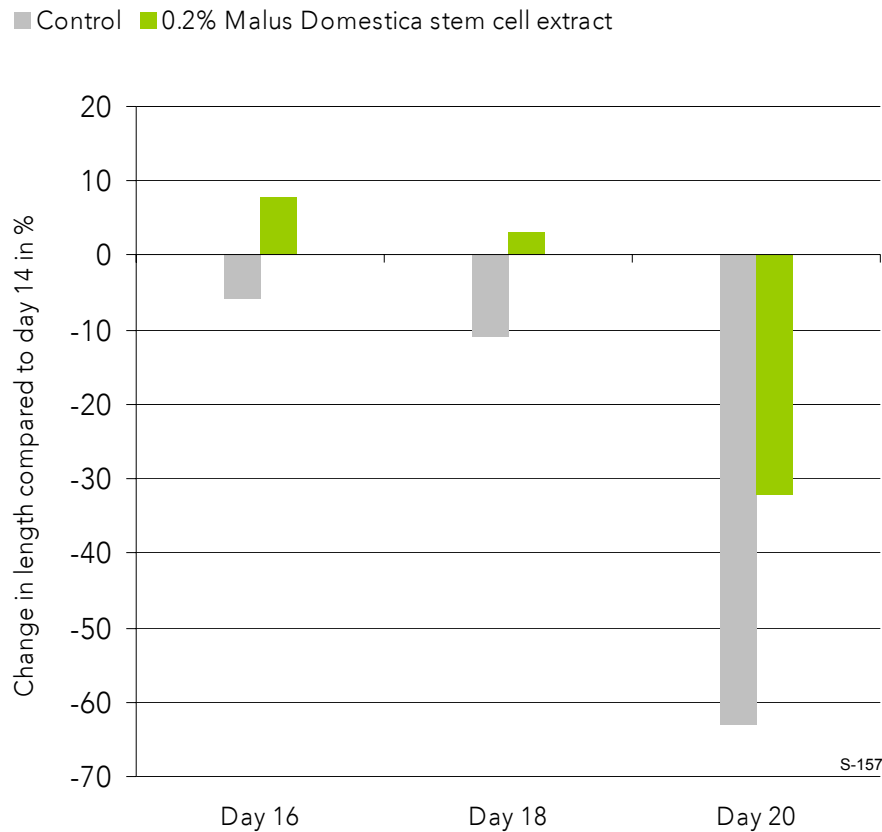
Day 4



Day 7

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# Length of Hair Follicle



Senescence of hair  
(stem cells) can be delayed

# PhytoCellTec™ Malus Domestica

## Effect on Gene Expression in Senescent Dermal Fibroblasts

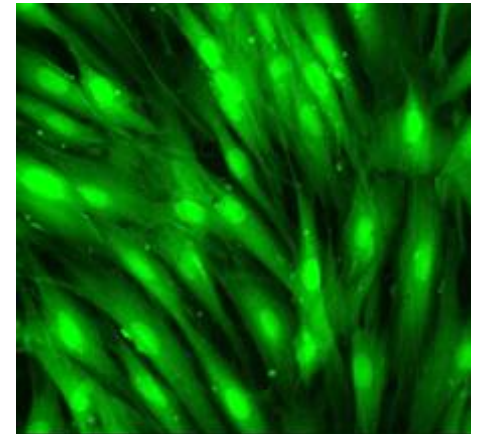
Cell line                      Normal Human Dermal Fibroblasts

Design

- H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> induced senescence (2h) followed by a treatment with 2% PhytoCellTec™ Malus Domestica or not (144 h)

Parameters

- Gene profile (microarray)



# PhytoCellTec™ Malus Domestica Gene Profile (Microarray)



Gen, that is down-regulated by senescence induction (see control)



Gen, that is up-regulated or normalized in senescent cells by PhytoCellTec Malus Domestica

Gen	After H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Control	After H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + 2% Malus Domestica stem cell extract
cyclin B1: induces proliferation	73 ↓	130 ↑
cyclin E1: tumor inducer	78 ↓	135 ↑
p53: tumor suppressor gene	63 ↓	137 ↑
insulin-like growth factor II: cell proliferation enhancer	71 ↓	117 ↑
heme oxygenase 1: antioxidants enzyme	89 ↓	211 ↑

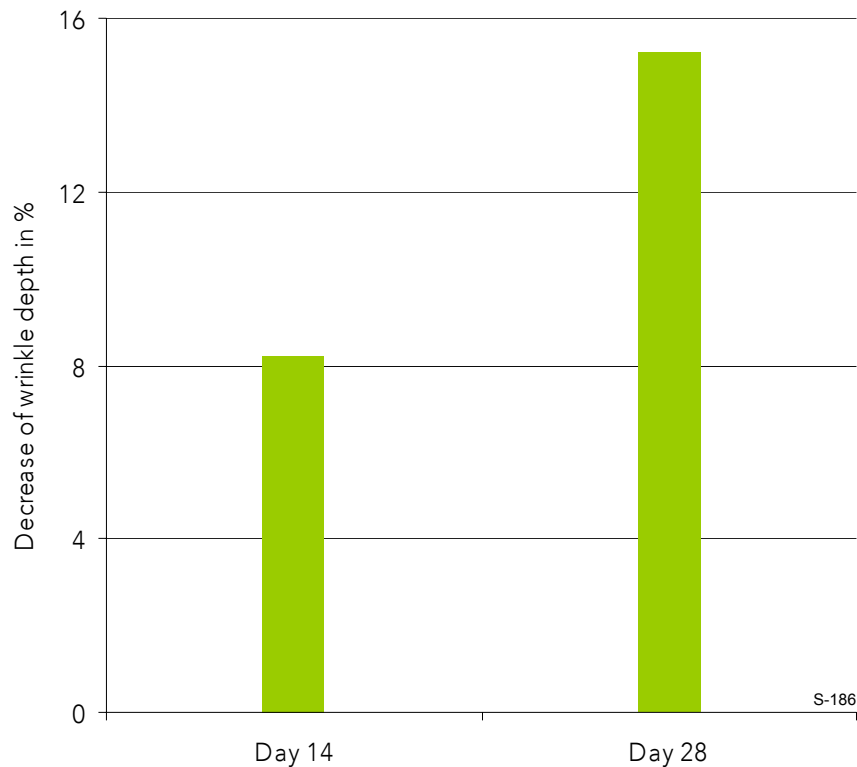
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# In-Vivo Study: Anti-Wrinkle Effect of PhytoCellTec™ Malus Domestica

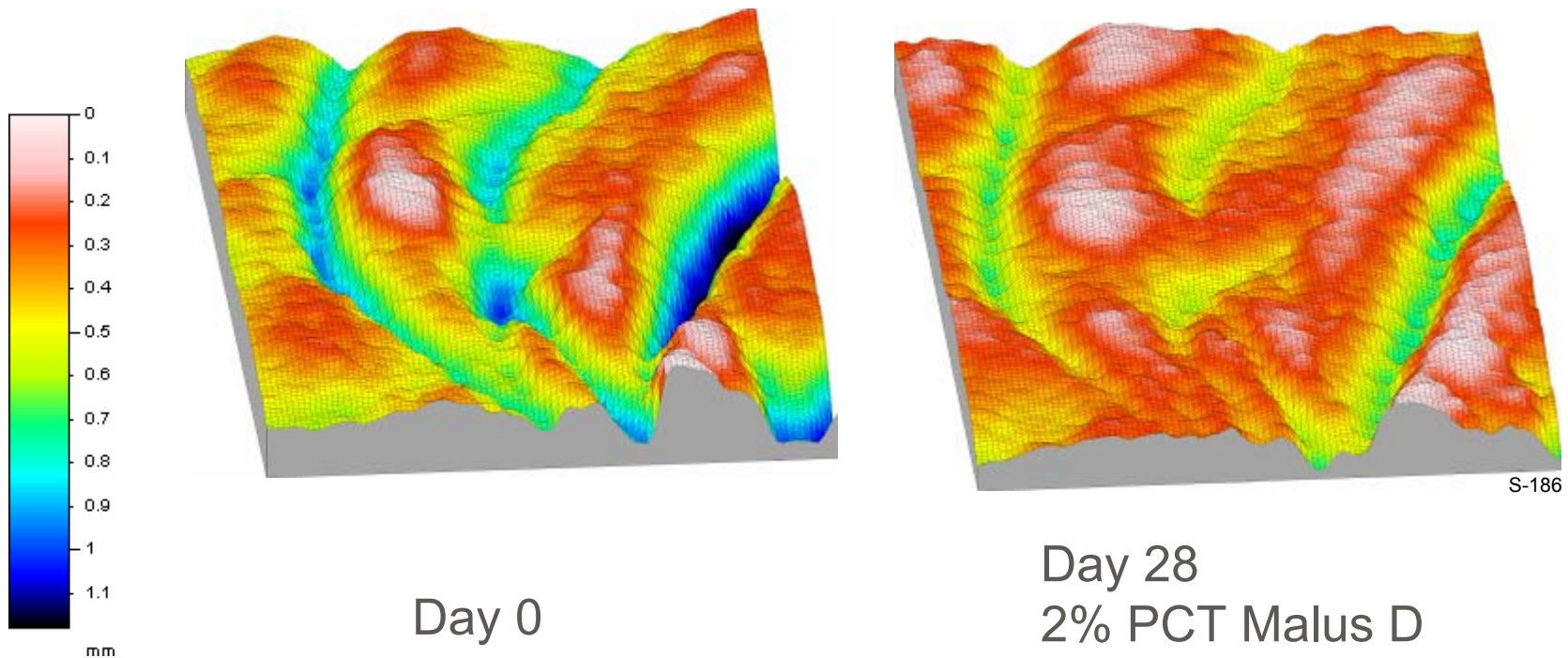
- Analysis of wrinkle depth in the crow's feet area
- 20 volunteers
- 28 days
- Application twice daily
- Against initial conditions

# In-Vivo Study: Anti-Wrinkle Effect of PhytoCellTec™ Malus Domestica

■ 2% PhytoCellTec Malus Domestica



# In-Vivo Study: Anti-Wrinkle Effect of PhytoCellTec™ Malus Domestica



# Summary

Product from rare Swiss *Malus domestica* var. Uttwiler Spätlauber PhytoCellTec™ to produce stem cells from this apple

## Product activity

1. Activation and protection of skin stem cells
2. Delay of senescence

## Results show

- Protection of stem cells against UV-radiation
- Increase of activity of stem cells
- Decrease of senescence markers in fibroblasts
- Increase of life span of hair follicles
- Reduction of skin wrinkles

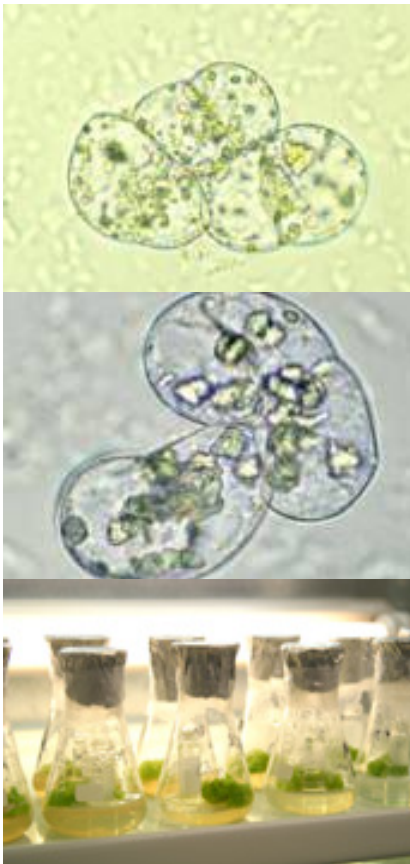


# Claims



- Delays senescence of essential cells
- Protects longevity of skin stem cells
- Protection of skin stem cells
- Rejuvenation of skin
- Maintains the power of regeneration
- Decrease in wrinkles
- Combats chronological aging

# Properties of PhytoCellTec™



- PhytoCellTec™ is a preparation of plant stem cells
- PhytoCellTec™ is produced in Switzerland by a novel plant cell culture technology
- PhytoCellTec™ contains plant stem cells to protect and maintain skin stem cells
- The protection of skin stem cells is a breakthrough approach in anti-aging cosmetics
- Studies showed that PhytoCellTec™ protects human stem cells and rejuvenates them
- PhytoCellTec™ delays chronological aging

# Application of PhytoCellTec™



- Face care of mature skin to rejuvenate the basal layer and extend the life span of basal keratinocytes
- Face care of all age to protect the most important cells in the skin which are the stem cells
- Eye serum to improve firmness and rejuvenate the extracellular matrix
- Pure PhytoCellTec™ product can be used as a fresh cell extract to rejuvenate the skin extensively

# Marketing Story for Consumers



- PhytoCellTec™ plant stem cells are a breakthrough in anti-aging therapy
- Skin stem cell treatment is a revolutionary new approach in cosmetics
- Plant stem cells are extremely efficient but also safe to use
- PhytoCellTec™ is based on real plant stem cells to trigger the rejuvenation of the skin
- PhytoCellTec™ delays the natural aging process by maintaining the activity of skin stem cells

# Marketing Story for Consumers

- PhytoCellTec™ triggers the skin's stem cell driven potential for infinite regeneration
- Epigenic factors of PhytoCellTec™ maintain the self renewing capacity of skin stem cells; this is the breakthrough in anti-aging
- PhytoCellTec™ is the most potential skin care to stop chronological aging
- PhytoCellTec™ gives you a promise of “for ever young”
- Stem cell technology is believed to be the “holy grail” of skin care
- Plant stem cells are very active but safe and will therefore write a new history in skin care